

YEAR 4 DAILY MENU

Good morning Year 4 ... I hope you enjoyed exploring pentominoes yesterday today its dominoes. I'm not sure if they are related however, they end in the same way. Enjoy exploring 😊

Starters

MATHS – Thinking Puzzles

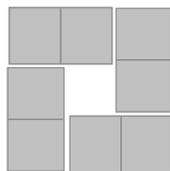
Domino challenges.

Have you ever played dominoes? There is a full set of dominoes on the following page. Cut them out and ask an adult to play a game with you.

For the maths challenges today, use the dominoes on page 3.

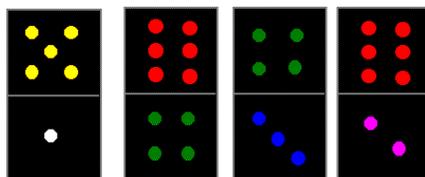
Challenge 1 – Cut out the 4 dominoes 6:6 5:1 6:1

6:0 and arrange them in a square so the sides all equal 12. They should be arranged in a square like this. I have posted a video to help you.



Challenge 2 – Complete the rest of the examples on the page 3 below. Cut out each group of 4 dominoes and make each of the sides equal.

Challenge 3 – Using these 4 dominoes arrange them in a square so the dots on each side are equal. This time you need to work out what the total could be!



Challenge 4 – How many mini squares can you create using the full set of dominoes? Did you know you can use each domino once and create 7 squares! This is the ultimate mega, mega challenge. I managed to make 5 different squares where each time the sides total number of dots are equal.

Main course

ENGLISH – Diary writing

This week we are going to do some short burst writing – **30 minutes only** - from different points of view. **Today I would like you to imagine you are living during Ancient Egyptian times and write a diary account using your fact-finding information from yesterday. You could be a farmer, a child, a pyramid builder or even a Pharaoh. Try to use factual information to make your diary realistic.**

I have included mine below:



Dessert

CREATIVE – ANCIENT EGYPT

I mentioned Rameses II in my writing, over to you. Create a Pharaoh fact file, try to include facts about the following famous leaders:

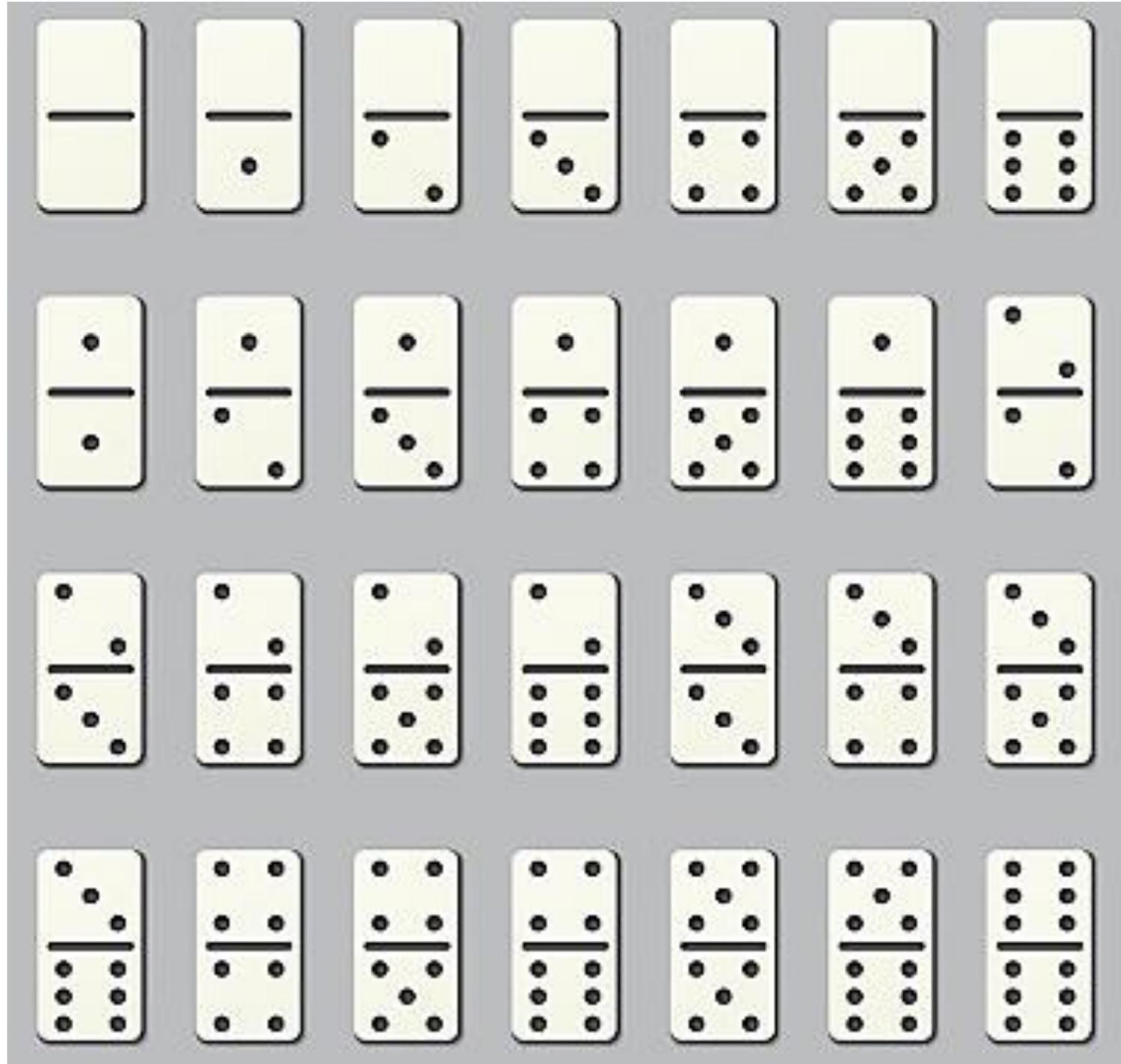
- Thutmose III
- Cleopatra
- Hatshepsut
- Rameses II
- Menes (AKA Narmer – 1st ruler of Ancient Egypt)

Use the information below to help you or you could use google.



Specials: If you'd like an additional writing challenge over the next two weeks there is also a new Talk for Writing home-school booklet now available to download from our website called 'Goblinology: The Ultimate Guide to Goblins.' Go for it!

Domino set



6	5	6	0
6	1	1	6

 $=12$

5	3	4	6
6	4	5	2

 $=13$

0	0	0	1
0	2	1	1

 $=2$

6	4	6	5
4	4	3	3

 $=14$

5	5	3	2
5	0	2	5

 $=10$

0	2	1	3
4	2	2	3

 $=6$

3	3	5	4
0	1	1	2

 $=7$

4	4	2	4
4	2	2	0

 $=8$

Tuesday 7th July,

This morning I woke up to intense heat. It was a special day as today; I was meeting the Pharaoh Rameses II! It was a great honour and one I had been waiting for many weeks. I quickly dressed in my long dress and pleated cloak. I applied my kohl, (it's black eye make-up to keep the flies away and also it has special healing powers to restore my bad eyesight). Making sure I was looking my best; I added my scarab amulet for good fortune and finally put on my wig made from sheep's wool. Most days I go without sandals however today I wore my padded leather ones. I had to make a good impression.

I was meeting Rameses at his temple he called Abu-Simbel. It is rather magnificent, I hoped I wouldn't forget my speech. I had been practicing it for many days now and knew it word for word. Today was very important, for if I was successful...

(oh! time's up... did you see how I have added factual information into my diary? Give it a go).

The Pharaohs of Ancient Egypt were the supreme leaders of the land. They were like kings or emperors. They ruled both upper and lower Egypt and were both the political and religious leader. The Pharaoh was often thought of as one of the gods.

Akhenaten wearing the Egyptian Blue Crown of War



the

The name Pharaoh comes from a word meaning "great house" describing a palace or kingdom. The Pharaoh's wife, or Queen of Egypt, was also considered a powerful ruler. She was called "the Great Royal Wife". Sometimes women became rulers and were called Pharaoh, but it was generally men. The son of the current Pharaoh would inherit the title and would often go through training, so he could be a good leader.

Historians divide up the timeline of Ancient Egyptian history by the dynasties of the Pharaohs. A dynasty was when one family maintained power, handing down the throne to an heir. There are generally considered to be 31 dynasties over the 3000 years of Ancient Egyptian history.

There were many great Pharaohs throughout the history of Ancient Egypt. Here are some of the more famous ones:

Akhenaten - Akhenaten was famous for saying there was only one god, the sun god. He ruled with his wife, Nefertiti, and they closed many of the temples to other gods. He was the father of the famous King Tut.

Tutankhamun - Often called King Tut today, Tutankhamun is largely famous today because much of his tomb remained intact and we have one of the greatest Egyptian treasures from his rule. He became Pharaoh at the age of 9. He tried to bring back the gods that his father had banished.

Golden funeral mask of Tutankhamun



Hatshepsut - A lady Pharaoh, Hatshepsut was originally regent for her son, but she took on the power of Pharaoh. She also dressed like the Pharaoh to reinforce her power including the crown and ceremonial beard. Many consider her to be not only the greatest woman Pharaoh, but one of the greatest Pharaohs in the history of Egypt.

Amenhotep III - Amenhotep III ruled for 39 years of great prosperity. He brought Egypt to its peak of power. During his rule the country was at peace and he was able to enlarge many cities and construct temples.

Ramses II - Often called Ramses the Great, he ruled Egypt for 67 years. He is famous today because he built more statues and monuments than any other Pharaoh.

Cleopatra VII - Cleopatra VII is often considered the last Pharaoh of Egypt. She maintained power by making alliances with famous Romans such as Julius Caesar and Mark Antony.

Cleopatra
by Louis le Grand →



Fun Facts about Pharaohs

- Pepy II became Pharaoh at the age of 6. He would rule Egypt for 94 years.
- The Pharaohs wore a crown that had an image of the cobra goddess. Only the Pharaoh was allowed to wear the cobra goddess. It was said that she would protect them by spitting flames at their enemies.
- Pharaohs built great tombs for themselves so they could live well in the afterlife.
- The first Pharaoh was a king named Menes who united both upper and lower Egypt into a single country.
- Khufu is the Pharaoh who built the largest pyramid.